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54 Disinfectant compositions.

57 A sanitising composition particularly suited to the cleaning-
in-place of food industry equipment, comprises:

(i) one or more quaternary ammonium anti-microbial
agents and/or one or more substituted guanidine anti-
microbial agents;

(ii) one or more organic acids; and

(iii) one or more inorganic acids.

EP 0 265 202 A2

Description

DISINFECTANT COMPOSITIONS

The present invention relates to disinfectant compositions which are especially, but not exclusively, useful for the cleaning-in-place (CIP) of equipment used in the food industry.

5 A typical situation encountered in food industry CIP is the cleaning of the insides of dairy equipment such as that used in the ultra high temperature (UHT) treatment of milk where the apparatus is soiled by organic matter, mainly fat and protein, and inorganic deposits, mainly insoluble calcium salts such as the carbonate, phosphate and oxalate. Naturally, as well as removing both the organic and inorganic soiling, it is necessary to
10 sanitize the equipment, i.e. to reduce the number of potentially harmful micro-organisms to an acceptable level.

To ensure that sanitization occurs, a composition for this purpose must contain at least one anti-microbial component. One class of anti-microbial substance comprises those of the quaternary ammonium type. For example, UK Patent Specification GB 1 239 641 describes disinfectant cleaning compositions including such a quaternary ammonium compound. These compositions also contain a hydroxycarboxylic acid and a detergent
15 active (surfactant) agent. However, such compositions are not sufficiently effective in disinfection applications of the kind described in the preceding paragraph.

It has also previously been described that quaternary ammonium anti-microbials and/or those of the substituted guanidine type may be combined with acid components to provide disinfection of parts of the human body, for example in US Patents 4,420,484 and 4,213,961, in European Patent Specification EP 4,719
20 and UK Patent Specification GB 1,296,630. Since these components are intended to come into intimate contact with human tissue, they are not sufficiently aggressive to be efficacious in sanitization of hard surfaces encountered in the food industry.

We have now found that disinfection of surfaces in applications of the kind described above can be effected to a degree superior to that possible with existing market products by providing a sanitizing composition
25 comprising:-

- (i) a quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agent and/or a substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent;
- (ii) an organic acid; and
- (iii) an inorganic acid.

One surprising property of this composition derives from the fact that the microbial effect of quaternary
30 ammonium anti-microbials in combination with inorganic acids is known to decrease with decreasing pH. However, we have found that incorporation of an organic acid significantly improves the fungicidal effect. We have observed this to be most marked with organic acids having from one to four carbon atoms, either with or without a hydroxyl group additional to that forming part of the carboxyl moiety. Examples of such organic acids are formic, lactic and citric acids. The organic acid can also be of a cyclic nature such as benzoic acid.
35 However, whilst preferred, in the context of the invention in its widest sense, these specific organic acids are not to be considered limiting and further non-limiting examples of suitable organic acids are elaborated hereinbelow.

In general, of course the invention includes compositions containing more than one example of any of the ingredients defined in classes (i)-(iii) above. Within these classes, it is generally preferred that the total
40 quantity quaternary ammonium anti-microbials (when present) should be from 0.01 to 50%, most preferably from 0.5 to 30%, especially from 1 to 25%. These percentages and unless the context requires otherwise, all others throughout this specification, are by weight. As a general guide, any one quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agent may be present from 0.5 to 15%, preferably from 1 to 12.5%.

Generally, the total quantity of substituted guanidine anti-microbials (when present) may be from 0.01 to
45 25%, preferably from 0.2 to 15%, most preferably 2 to 12.5%. The amount of any single substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent may for example be from 0.2 to 12.5%, preferably from 2 to 10%.

Generally, the total quantity of organic acids present may be from 0.1 to 75%, preferably from 0.5 to 50%, especially from 5 to 35%. The total amount of any single organic acid may for example be from 0.2 to 20%,
50 preferably from 1 to 12.5%.

Generally, the total quantity of inorganic acids present may be from 1 to 99%, preferably from 10 to 95%,
most preferably from 20 to 55%. The total amount of any single inorganic acid may for example be from 0.5-60%, preferably 2.5-45%.

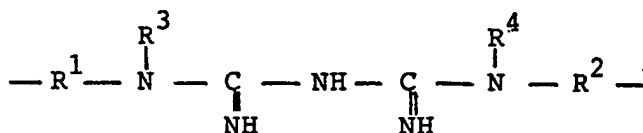
The quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agent (if present) may be of any of such agents known to those skilled in the art, for example in W. Gump, Disinfectants and Antiseptics, Vol. 7, in "Encycl. Chem. Technol.",
55 Kirk-Othmer Eds., 3rd Edn., pp 793-832, in the Patent literature references quoted above or in any of patent specifications EP 131,394, EP 110,568, GB 2,133,689, GB 2,074,043, GB 1,155,501, and US 4,256,731.

The substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent (if present) also may be any known to those skilled in the art, for example any described generically or specifically in the patent literature references above or in German
60 Patent Specification DE 2,332,383, UK Patent Specification GB 1,431,945 or in any of US Patents 3,934,002; 2,684,924; 4,053,636; 2,990,425; 3,468,898; 3,855,140 and 4,622,834.

Preferred compositions according to the present invention comprise both a quaternary ammonium and substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent.

More especially, the substituted guanidine agent may be a biguanide. In general, such a biguanide agent

may be a monomeric or polymeric compound which includes one or more units of formula



Where R¹-R⁴ can be any of a variety of moieties. For example R¹ and R² independently may be bonds or C₁₋₄alkylene chains optionally substituted by a phenyl radical (which itself optionally may be substituted by one or more suitable substituents such as alkyl or alkoxy), and R³ and R⁴ independently may be hydrogen, C₁₋₁₂ alkyl or C₇₋₁₂aralkyl, and R¹ with R³, and independently, R² with R⁴ may form cyclic moieties.

The substituted guanidine (including biguanide) agents include the acid addition salts thereof, which may or may not form due to the presence in the composition of the present invention, of the organic and the inorganic acid.

One preferred biguanide is that sold by ICI under the Tradename "Vantocil IB".

As stated, the organic acid is believed to be necessary to enhance the anti-microbial properties of the composition. Although some preferred examples are recited above, in general such organic acids include those containing one or more carboxylic, hydroxycarboxylic or sulphonic acid groups. As well as those mentioned previously, examples of suitable organic acids are acetic acid, salicylic acid and hydroxybenzoic acid derivative anti-microbials such as are described in W. Gump supra.

The inorganic acid is preferably a strong mineral acid such as sulphuric, hydrochloric, nitric, orthophosphoric (otherwise known as "phosphoric"), boric or perboric acid. Of these, phosphoric acid is especially preferred.

Experimental results have demonstrated the unexpected phenomenon that compositions of the present invention which comprise both phosphoric and sulphuric acids are especially efficacious in removing not only calcium oxalate deposits, but also protein soiling. This effect is most marked when the phosphoric acid is present in the range 25-35%, preferably 5-25% by weight and the sulphuric acid in the range 2.5-25%, preferably around 30% by weight.

Compositions according to the present invention may also comprise one or more accessory ingredients.

Thus, although the composition comprising only components (i)-(iii) has some inherent ability to remove fatty organic soil, its action can be enhanced by incorporation of one or more detergent active (surfactant) agents. These are well known in the art and may in general, be selected from non-ionic, cationic, zwitterionic and amphoteric agents. Those of the non-ionic kind are preferred.

Examples of the detergent active (surfactant) materials which can be used for these compositions are described in detail in "Surface Active Agents and Detergents", Volumes I and II by Schwartz, Perry and Berch. In general, when such materials are present, their total presence may amount to from 0.01 to 25%, preferably from 0.1 to 5%, especially from 1 to 2.5%. As a rule, the total amount of any one such active may be from 0.1 to 3%, preferably from 1 to 2%.

Other optional ingredients include solvents, hydrotropes, thickeners, abrasives and other anti-microbial agents. In general, the remainder of any such composition may comprise water. To ensure optimum removal of inorganic soil, it is preferred that compositions according to the invention have a pH of 5 or less, especially 4 or less and most preferably, less than 4.

Of these ingredients, hydrotropes (when present) in total may for example be included at from 0.01 to 25% by weight, preferably from 0.2 to 15%, especially from 1 to 7.5%. In general, any one hydrotrope may be present at from 0.1 to 10%, preferably 1 to 5%.

Thickeners (when present) in total may for example be included at from 0.01 to 10% by weight, preferably from 0.02 to 5%, especially from 0.2 to 2.5%. As a rule, any one hydrotrope may be present at from 0.05 to 30% by weight, preferably from 0.5 to 20%, especially from 1 to 15%.

Other (non-quaternary and other than substituted guanidine) anti-microbials which may be included are sodium benzoate, as well as those of the amine oxide and dioxide kind. Generally, it is preferred to include both sodium benzoate and an amine oxide. As a rule, such other anti-microbials (when present) may be included at from 0.1 to 40% by weight, preferably from 0.5 to 20%, most preferably from 1 to 15%. Normally, any one such other anti-microbial may be present at from 0.1 to 15%, preferably from 0.2 to 10%.

The compositions of the present invention may be applied to any suitable surface it is desired to cleanse but they are especially suitable for equipment CIP. It is preferred that they be applied in diluted form. Generally, this dilution may be at from 0.05 to 10% in aqueous medium but especially from 0.2 to 2%. The appropriate working concentration or concentration range will of course vary according to the amount of each ingredient in the undiluted composition. These values can be determined by suitable tests (for example as referred to herein) which will readily be apparent to those skilled in the art of formulating disinfectants.

In most situations, the cleansing step requires leaving the composition in contact with the surface for a suitable period of time, followed by rinsing with water. Within the CIP area, applications in the food industry are eminently suitable, for example in dairies and breweries. Thus, as well as the UHT equipment cleaning referred

to above, another application is in the cleaning of bright beer tanks in the brewing industry. (In the context of the present invention, "cleansing" and "cleaning" include sanitisation/disinfection but not necessarily to the degree of killing substantially all micro-organisms present).

The present invention will now be further elaborated by way of the following non-limiting Examples.

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Examples

Examples 1-7 are sanitizing compositions made-up according to the following table (quantities are % by weight):-

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EXAMPLE

	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>
Phosphoric Acid (85%)	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
Plurafac RA30	1.5	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	1.5
Sulphuric Acid (95%)	-	-	-	3.0	-	-	-
Formic Acid (85%)	11.8	-	11.8	5.9	11.8	11.8	-
Empigen OB (30%)	-	3.3	-	3.3	3.3	-	-
Sodium Benzoate	-	-	-	8.3	-	-	-
Bardac 22	10.0	-	10.0	-	10.0	10.0	10.0
Bardac LF	-	12.0	-	-	-	-	-
Dodigen 226 (50%)	-	12.0	-	-	-	-	-
Vantocil IB (20%)	10.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Citric Acid	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-
Lactic Acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.0
Butyldioxitol	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jaquat C13	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	-
Water	24.2	32.7	36.7	39.0	34.9	34.7	36.5

Notes:

Plurafac RA30 is a nonionic surfactant.

Empigen OB is a 30% active solution of (70% C₁₁, 30% C₁₃ average) dimethyl amine oxide (anti-microbial) ex Albright and Wilson.

Bardac 22 is 50% active didecyl dimethyl (quaternary) ammonium chloride, a cationic surfactant, ex Lonza Inc.

Bardac LF is 50% active dioctyl dimethyl (quaternary) ammonium chloride, a low foaming cationic surfactant, ex Lonza Inc.

Dodigen 226 is an alkyl benzyl type quaternary ammonium agent.

Vantocil IB is as hereinbefore defined.

Butyldioxitol is a hydrotrope.

Jaquat C13 is a proprietary thickener.

Test Results

The compositions of Examples 1-7 were tested in various aqueous concentrations in a standard suspension test for reduction of numbers of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* at 4°C (method as described in B van Klinger, "Two-Tier Test System for the Evaluation of Disinfectants", Ph.D. Thesis, University of Utrecht, except using *S. cerevisiae* instead of *Candida albicans*).

Results are presented as the minimum use concentration of composition which demonstrated a log decimal reduction (LDR) greater than 4.0.

<u>Example</u>	<u>%</u>
1	0.5
2	1.0
3	0.5
4	1.0
5	1.0
6	0.25
7	0.25

Examples 8 and 9

Other forms of composition according to the invention, particularly suited to open plant cleaning is set forth below. Quantities are in % by weight and the intended applied concentration is from 4-10%.

Ex. 8:

Water 47.5
 Phosphoric acid 30.0
 Alkyl benzene sulphonc acid 8.0
 Diethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether 10.0
 Organic acid (formic/lactic) 2.0
 Citric acid 0.5
 C10 lin. alkyl quaternary ammonium compound 2.0

Ex. 9:

Lactic acid (80%) 12
 Citric acid (1 aq.) 4
 H₃PO₄ (85%) 30
 H₂SO₄ 5
 Foam depressor (Hoechst KN) 2
 Surfactant: Lutensol LF 431 2
 Lin. quat. (Bardac 22 - 50%) 10
 Water 35

Claims

1. A sanitising composition comprising:

- (i) one or more quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agents and/or one or more substituted guanidine anti-microbial agents;
- (ii) one or more organic acids; and
- (iii) one or more inorganic acids.

2. A composition according to claim 1, wherein when present, the total quantity of quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agent(s) is from 0.01 to 50% by weight;
 when present, the total quantity of substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent(s) is from 0.01 to 25% by weight;

the total quantity of organic acid(s) is from 0.1 to 75% by weight; and

- the total quantity of inorganic acids present is from 1 to 99% by weight.
3. A composition according to claim 2, wherein when present, the total quantity of quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agent(s) is from 0.5 to 20% by weight;
when present, the total quantity of substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent(s) is from 0.2 to 15% by weight;
- the total quantity of organic acids is from 0.5 to 50% by weight; and
the total quantity of inorganic acids present is from 20 to 55% by weight.
4. A composition according to any preceding claim, comprising both at least one quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agent and at least one substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent.
5. A composition according to any preceding claim comprising a substituted guanidine anti-microbial agent which is a polymeric biguanide.
6. A composition according to any preceding claim, wherein the inorganic acid content comprises phosphoric acid and sulphuric acid.
7. A composition according to any preceding claim, further comprising a surfactant.
8. A composition according to claim 7, wherein the surfactant is a non-ionic material.
9. A composition according to any preceding claim, further comprising sodium benzoate and an amine oxide anti-microbial.
10. A method of sanitising a surface, comprising applying to said surface, a composition according to any of claims 1-9.
11. A method according to claim 10, wherein said composition is applied at from 0.05 to 10% in aqueous dilution.
12. A method according to claim 11 when dependent on claim 2, wherein the composition is applied at from 0.2 to 2% in aqueous dilution.

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54 **Disinfectant compositions.**

57 A sanitising composition particularly suited to the cleaning-in-place of food industry equipment, comprises:

(i) one or more quaternary ammonium anti-microbial agents and/or one or more substituted guanidine anti-microbial agents;

(ii) one or more organic acids; and

(iii) one or more inorganic acids.

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DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)
X	CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 92, no. 9, 3rd March 1980, page 191, abstract no. 71039e, Columbus, Ohio, US; & PL-A-99 061 (INSTYTUT CIEZKIEJ SYNTEZY ORGANICZNEJ "BLACHOWNIA") 15-12-1978 * Abstract * ---	1-3,7,8 ,10-12	A 01 N 59/26 // (A 01 N 59/26 A 01 N 59:02 A 01 N 47:44 A 01 N 37:40 A 01 N 37:36 A 01 N 37:02 A 01 N 33:24 A 01 N 33:12)
X	EP-A-0 087 049 (HENKEL) * Claims * ---	1-5,7,8 ,10-12	
A	EP-A-0 147 102 (DIVERSEY CORP.) * Page 3, lines 18-20; claims * ---	1,10	
A	FR-A-2 490 928 (KABUSHIKI) * Claims * ---	1,10	
A	DE-A-2 008 683 (SCHÜLKE & MAYR) * Claims * -----	1,10	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.4)
			A 01 N A 23 C C 11 D
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 02-07-1990	Examiner DECORTE D.
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS			
X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons ----- & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	